

Ecosystem Service	Chemical composition of atmosphere and	
	oceans	
CICES class name	Regulation of chemical composition of atmosphere and oceans	
CICES Section	Regulation & Maintenance (Biotic)	
CICES Class code	2.2.6.1	

Brief Description

- Regulating our global climate
- Regulation of the concentrations of gases in the atmosphere that positively impact in global climate
- Regulation of the concentration of chemical substances in the oceans, which has a positive impact on humans

Sample Indicators

Indicator values from			
Experiment or direct measurement	B	Survey	
Expert assessment	.	Statistical- or census data	áÓ
Model or GIS	Ţ	Literature values	
Stakeholder participation	∭%	Not provided	\Diamond

Table 1: Field Scale

Indicator	Unit	Indicator values from
^[29] Long term carbon stabilization: Carbon content in	Not provided	
microaggregate-within-macroaggregate fraction (c.f. Six &		\otimes
Paustian, 2014. DOI: 10.1016/j.soilbio.2013.06.014)		
^[42] Soil organic carbon content (0–10 cm)	Not provided	
^[55] Soil organic carbon (SOC) stock (0-20cm)	Mg * ha ⁻¹	<u>s</u> , o
^[14] Carbon stock in soil (0-30 cm)	Mg * ha ⁻¹	B
^[24] Soil organic carbon (0–30 cm) after 20 years of	Mg * ha ⁻¹	مگر
management		~
^[25] Soil organic carbon (0–30 cm) after 20 years of	Mg * ha ⁻¹	لل
management		L <u>i</u>
^[14] Carbon in trees (dbh≥10 cm) and bushes (dbh <10 cm,	Mg * ha ⁻¹	12
height >2 m)		<u>\$</u>
^[37] Carbon stored in aboveground woody biomass; carbon	Mg * ha ⁻¹	12
stored in topsoil (0–20 cm)		<u>\$</u>



^[38] Carbon storage in aboveground biomass (sum of	Mg * ha ⁻¹	B
herbaceous and tree components) and soils (upper 20 cm)		<u>*</u>
^[44] Amounts of carbon fixed in the soil and in the annual	kg * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	ک
organs of orchard trees		لغًا (
^[33] Carbon sequestered in soil and orchard-trees	kg * ha ⁻¹ * unit time ⁻¹	
^[51] Climate regulation: annual net ecosystem exchange (NEE) of carbon	Mg C * ha ⁻¹	<u>ـر</u>
^[44] Prevention of N denitrification: yearly amount of denitrified nitrogen	kg N ₂ O-N * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	<u>لا</u>
^[33] Greenhouse gas mitigation: Cumulative denitrified nitrogen	kg N ₂ O-N * ha ⁻¹ * unit time ⁻¹	
^[54] Greenhouse gas emissions	CO2 equ. * ha ⁻¹	
^[23] Net global warming impact of soil carbon sequestration, agronomic N fertilizer application, lime application, fuel usage, nitrous oxide (N2O) emissions, and methane (CH4) oxidation	g CO ₂ e * m ⁻² * yr ⁻	P) \$
^[33] Greenhouse gas mitigation: Cumulative amounts of CO ₂ emitted by agricultural operations	kg C * ha ⁻¹ * unit time ⁻¹	\bigcirc , \square
^[38] Emissions of GHG (CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O) measured by static chamber techniques in the field	CO _{2 equ.}	B
^[43] Emissions of CO ₂ and N ₂ O	Not provided	
[41] Indicator value calculated as:		
$I = \frac{\sum \log(\frac{i}{i_{max}}) }{n}$ With: i – variable i measured, i _{max} – maximum ecologic potential of variable i in benchmark reference, n – number of variables. Where performance is considered better than in the benchmark and deviation, therefore, has a positive effect, $ \log(\frac{i}{i_{max}}) $ is subtracted from the sum instead of added. For this ecosystem service, variables were: -Soil organic matter [% dw] -Bacterial biomass [mg C /g dw] -pH in KCl	-	£,
-Physiological diversity bacteria [biolog. CLPP: Hill's slope]		
^[58] SOC in top soil (0–20 cm) at the end of a 30-year simulation period	Mg of carbon / hectare	T
^[59] SOC in top soil (0–20 cm)	tons / hectare	B

Table 2: Farm Scale		
Indicator	Unit	Indicator values from



^[34] Climate regulation: Vegetation cover [%], expressed as a four-level index	poor-fair-good- excellent]	ß
^[53] Vegetation carbon stock: Above ground dry biomass of trees, bushes, and herbaceous plants	Mg C * ha ⁻¹	B
^[53] Topsoil carbon stock: calculated from bulk density and total C content at 0–10, 10–20, and 20–30 cm depths	Mg C * ha ⁻¹	B

Table 3: Regional Scale

Indicator	Unit	Indicator values from
^[1] Carbon sequestration	kg * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
^[15] Carbon sequestration rate (above and belowground)	Mg * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
^[36, 47] Carbon sequestration rate: sum of above and below ground crop and tree biomass and soil organic carbon (SOC)	t * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	م رّ ـ
^[5] Carbon sequestration: annual change in above- & below ground biomass. Values are monetarized based on an estimated social cost of carbon of \$43/ton.	\$ * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	<u>íð</u>
^[4] Carbon sequestration in soil & biomass	kg C *ha⁻¹	2 /
^[9] Organic carbon stored in soils and above- and belowground biomass, divided by area	kg * m-2	
^[3] Carbon sequestered in above- and belowground biomass of woody species	t CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
^[16] Carbon sequestration: Amount of carbon that is sequestered from land use, land use change and forestry	C * km ⁻² * yr ⁻¹	م رّ •
^[52] Above- and belowground carbon stored in living plant material.	t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	م رّ
^[31] Carbon sequestration: identification of areas with peat soils or carbon-rich semi-terrestrial areas	Not provided	لا ر الا
^[21] Carbon sequestration: Values based on land use by assigning a country-specific, land use type specific emission factor to each land use type. The emission factor also considers forest age and soil carbon stock.	Not provided	<u>ح</u>
^[49] Soil organic carbon stock, values for CORINE land cover classes	t C * ha⁻¹	, , ,
^[26] Carbon stock of above- and below ground phytomass within different land cover classes	Mg C * ha ⁻¹	m, <u>s</u>
^[35] Carbon storage: Carbon stored in aboveground biomass, belowground biomass, and soils; calculated by combining the InVEST model with wood production figures.	Mg * ha ⁻¹	Þ, áð
^[36] Carbon stock: sum of above and below ground crop and tree biomass and soil organic carbon (SOC)	t C * ha⁻¹	لگ



^[21] Carbon stocks in soil and vegetation. Based on land use by assigning a region-specific, age-specific biomass carbon stock	Not provided	<u>لر</u>
to the land use types "forest" and "(semi-)natural vegetation"	1	
^[40] Carbon stored in soil and biomass. Values were normalized	t C * ha ⁻¹	0
[0-1] using benchmark values where available and observed		\otimes
values otherwise.	1	
^[46] Carbon stock in living biomass, deadwood, litter, and soils	t C * ha ⁻¹	<u>íÓÍ</u>
^[47] Annual carbon stock: above and below ground biomass, soil organic carbon	t C * ha⁻¹	€
^[45] Carbon stored in aboveground biomass, belowground	t * ha ⁻¹ * grid	
biomass, soil and dead organic matter (calculated with	cell ⁻¹	
InVEST's Carbon Storage and Sequestration model). Values for		ل ر
all pools per land-use class were taken from Japans National		_
Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report.		
^[49] Total carbon stock for CORINE land cover classes,	t C * ha⁻¹	
calculated as the sum of aboveground biomass, belowground		
biomass, litter and soil organic carbon		, — ,
^[27] Total carbon stored in landscape, calculated with InVEST	Mg	P 55
model	-	ر تر
^[12] Carbon storage capacity	t C * ha ⁻¹	ل ر
^[17] Carbon flow change: Carbon stock in vegetation (above-	t C * ha ⁻¹	.7
and belowground) + soil organic carbon stock (1 m). Values		
are compared to values for a reference situation.		,
	1000 1 000	
^[10] Greenhouse gas emissions	1000 t CO2eq.	<u>م</u> ر
^[10] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ *	
^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ *	
^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ *	, ⁽¹⁾
^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, ⁽¹⁾
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, E
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻²	, E
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻²	, ⁽¹⁾
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻²	, E
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, ⁽¹⁾
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, ⁽¹⁾
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, E
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, E
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, ⁽¹⁾
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC_{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC_{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and expressed on a relative scale set to (0 - 1000), VC_{NPP}: 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	, ⁽¹⁾
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC_{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and expressed on a relative scale set to (0 - 1000), VC_{NPP}: coefficient of variation of NPP (0 - 1), Ow: water bodies 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC _{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and expressed on a relative scale set to (0 - 1000), VC _{NPP} : coefficient of variation of NPP (0 - 1), Ow: water bodies occupancy percentage and flat floodplain area (0 - 1). Ow is	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
 ^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC_{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and expressed on a relative scale set to (0 - 1000), VC_{NPP}: coefficient of variation of NPP (0 - 1), Ow: water bodies occupancy percentage and flat floodplain area (0 - 1). Ow is used to reflect that water cover is negatively correlated with 	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC _{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and expressed on a relative scale set to (0 - 1000), VC _{NPP} : coefficient of variation of NPP (0 - 1), Ow: water bodies occupancy percentage and flat floodplain area (0 - 1). Ow is used to reflect that water cover is negatively correlated with plant cover and therefore by proxy with carbon capture	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	
^[19] Greenhouse gas balance of entire agricultural production system, including emissions from soils and fabrication of fertilizers and machinery ^[8] Climate change mitigation: Annual carbon sequestration and GHG emissions, using the methodology for the LULUCF sector in Finland's National Inventory of greenhouse gases ^[49] Annual Gross Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[49] Annual total Net Primary Production, based on "Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) 17" satellite datasets ^[18] Carbon capture: NPP × (1–VC _{NNP}) × (1–Ow); where NPP: Net Primary Production calculated from NDVI-values and expressed on a relative scale set to (0 - 1000), VC _{NPP} : coefficient of variation of NPP (0 - 1), Ow: water bodies occupancy percentage and flat floodplain area (0 - 1). Ow is used to reflect that water cover is negatively correlated with plant cover and therefore by proxy with carbon capture ^[50] Carbon sequestration and oxygen production: net primary	CO2 eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ CO2 equ. * km ⁻² t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹ t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	



^[52] Net ecosystem productivity	t C * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	گ ر
^[48] Carbon sequestration: net primary productivity (NPP) using CASA (Carnegie-Ames-Stanford Approach) ecosystem model	gC * ha ⁻¹	مرگر م
^[8] Airborne nutrient input: Exceedance of empirical critical loads of nitrogen in Natura 2000 sites	mg N * m ⁻²	
^[13] "Emergy" of O_2 release by crops (derived from yield and a dollar price for O_2) and "emergy" of CO_2 absorption soils (based on organic matter accumulation)	solar equivalent Joules	
 [20] Index based on: a) Carbon storage: aboveground carbon in living biomass and soil carbon in the surface layer (0–20 cm) [tons C/ha] b) Greenhouse gas emissions: Emissions of CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O measured at monthly intervals [CO2 equ. flux] Both a and b were scaled to a range of 0.1-1 (whereby 0.1 denotes the highest GHG emissions) and averaged. 	-	B
^[20] Bio-indicator: Presence of specific ant species is used as an indicator for high, medium or low provision of this ES. Suitable indicator species must first be identified by a correlation between the presence of species and ES provision.	low-medium- high	B
^[28] Global climate regulation: values for ecosystem service supply based on land cover classes. The matrix defined by Burkhard et al., 2012 (DOI:10.1016/j.ecolind.2011.06.019) was adapted and used in this study.	Index 0-5	<u>ج</u>
^[49] Global climate regulation service, expert-based index values for CORINE land cover classes published by Burkhard et al. (2014, DOI: 10.3097/LO.201434).	Index 0-5	
^[1] NO ₂ dry deposition velocity	mm * s ⁻¹ * ha ⁻¹	
^[57] Amount of carbon stored in the above/below ground biomass and soil over a specified amount of time (e.g. 20- years)	ton / km²	\otimes

Table 4: National Scale

Indicator	Unit	Indicator values from
^[2] GHG emissions: methane (CH ₄) from livestock (both through the production of manure and enteric fermentation); nitrous oxide (N ₂ O) from the application of inorganic fertilizers; and carbon dioxide (CO ₂) associated with changes in carbon stocks in above and below ground biomass (making allowance for soil type) and from the burning of fossil fuels to power agricultural machinery and production of fertilizers and pesticides	CO ₂ equ. * area ⁻ ¹ * yr ⁻¹	لحر
^[2] GHG emissions: as above, valuation based on UK official non traded carbon value	Money * area ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	<u>ح</u>



^[11] GHG emissions from agriculture	t CO ₂ eq.	<u>ح</u>
^[21] Carbon sequestration. Based on land use by assigning a country-specific, land use type specific emission factor to each land use type. The emission factor also considers forest age and soil carbon stock.	Not provided	<u>.</u>
^[22] Carbon sequestration by farm afforestation	t CO ₂ eq. * ha ⁻¹ * yr ⁻¹	م ر
^[39] Carbon sequestered by permanent crops and grassland	Not specified	\otimes
^[7] Carbon stored in vegetation and soils	kg C * m ⁻²	áð, 🎦
^[21] Carbon stocks in soil and vegetation. Based on land use by assigning a region-specific, age-specific biomass carbon stock to the land use types "forest" and "(semi-)natural vegetation"	Not provided	Ţ
^[6] Global climate: Expert assessment for each land use class based on the indicators: CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, NO, and soot emissions	very negative (-3) to very positive (+3)	2 -7
^[6] Air quality: Expert assessment for each land use class based on the indicators: nitrous oxide, ammonia, and soot emissions; trees	very negative (-3) to very positive (+3)	₽-
^[56] NO ₂ deposition velocity: calculated as as a linear function of wind speed at 10m height and land cover type.	mm/s	لگ
^[56] NO ₂ removal flux calculated as the product of modelled NO ₂ concentration and deposition velocity. Deposition velocity is calculated as as a linear function of wind speed at 10m height and land cover type.	t/(ha*year)	م ر <u>-</u>

Table 5: Multinational Scale

Indicator	Unit	Indicator values from
^[16] Carbon sequestration: Amount of carbon that is sequestered from land use, land use change and forestry	C * km ⁻² * yr ⁻¹	ل ر ا
^[32] Global climate regulation: values for Corine land cover classes, based on values published by Burkhard et al. (2009; DOI: 10.3097/LO.200915) and modified for the context of riparian zones.	Index 0-5	*

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 $^{^{\}rm 15*}$ The impact area discussed on this factsheet is not a focus of the cited paper



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